Subject: History		Year : 3 – Autumn 1 – Stone Age	
Key Question : How did Britain change from Stone Age to Iron Age Concept: Continuity and change Describe / make links between main events, situations and change	-	ross different periods/societies	
National Curriculum objectives: Pupils should be taught about:			
• changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age			
To begin this unit, the children should have already learnt: • How houses were built during The Great Fire of London (Y2 Autumn) • How sources help us learn about History (Y2 Autumn) • Identifying something as past or present (Y1 Autumn)		The learning in this unit will prepare the children to learn these things in the future: How Celtic roundhouses were used (Y4 Autumn) How Britain was changed through the Roman period (Y4 Autumn)	
 By the end of this unit, children will know: How houses were made in the Stone Age The term Neolithic and how this compares with other siginificent events How crops were grown and harvested That the Stone Age was a broad prehistoric period during which stone was widely used to make implements with an edge, a point, or a percussion surface How the discovery of Bronze changed every-day life 		 By the end of this unit, children will be able to: Analyse what evidence exists for pre- history: cave paintings, artefacts, significant settlements: Skara Brae, Stonehenge Compare Hunters Vs Gatherers and discuss which would be a more sustained way of life Recognise how settlements were made during the Stone age and how this compares to settlement today 	
Vocabulary: Neolithic Settlement AD BC Stone Bronze		I ssment question: change from the Stone Age to Iron Age?	Assessment criteria: WT – Pupil's can identify that the Stone Age was a prehistoric period where the first settlements were made EX – Pupil's can discuss how Stone was used within everyday life during the Stone Age GD – Pupils can explain changes to Britain with the discovery of Bronze and how this affects our life today