| Subject: Art, Craft and Design: Celtic Art | Year: 4 – Autumn Term 1 | |
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| National Curriculum objectives | | |
| to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials | | |
| learn about great artists, architects and designers in history | | |
| to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas | | |
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| To begin this unit, the children should have already learnt: | The learning in this unit will prepare the children to learn these things in the future: | |
| Line/Detail + Observation); | Year 5 Progression of Skills. | |
| Show increased control over lines. Encourage children to look carefully, to observe and | (Line/Detail + Observation); | |
| include more detail (YR2) | Continue to practise observation while drawing to form increasingly detailed, accurate drawings. | |
| Use experience of line to practise close observation to add detail to drawing (YR3) | (Texture/Pattern): | |
| (Texture/Pattern): | Interpret the texture of a surface and make own decision how to represent this, use pattern for a | |
| Show increased control creating different marks to form patterns and different textures | purpose. | |
| to create effects, for example dots, lines, shapes, hatching. (YR3) | (Recording/Self Governing/Evaluation); | |
| (Recording/Self Governing/Evaluation);. | Use initial sketches as a way of recording ideas, planning work, record work in a clear sequence in | |
| Self-reflect on created pieces of art (YR3) | sketchbooks, reflecting on own work. | |
| (Colour Mixing/Knowledge); | (Colour Mixing/Knowledge); | |
| Colour Wheel: primary to secondary colours mixing, contrasting colour. (YR2) | To continue experiment colour matching to real objects | |
| Tertiary colours. Tones of colour adding light and dark. (YR3) | Experimenting with intensity of colour to create depth. | |
| (Application of paint); | To begin to add to colour for effect or to add emotion. | |
| Paint applied with greater variety of brushes to try and copy effects including washes. | (Application of paint); | |
| (YR3) | Paint applied in a series of layers and techniques to achieve a planned effect. | |
| (Construction/Form); | | |
| Shape, form, model, and construct (malleable and rigid materials) | (Construction/Form); | |
| Develop understanding of different adhesives + methods of construction (YR3) | Use range of equipment and materials e.g., recycled, natural and manmade materials to create | |
| <u>(Surface + Texture);</u> | sculptures, confidently and successfully joining. | |
| Experiment with materials and the effect of tools or fingers to change surface and | Develop understanding of different ways of finishing work: glaze, paint, polish | |
| texture (YR1) | (Surface + Texture); | |
| Begin to experiment with more intricate surface patterns/ textures and use them when | Make choices using experience how to create surface pattern and texture and when to use | |
| appropriate. (YR3) | (Research + Planning / Evaluation); | |
| (Research + Planning / Evaluation); | Select a best design for a 3D object from initial ideas to most successful meet a purpose. | |
| Begin to plan design of object based on its purpose. Awareness of natural and man- | Use sketchbooks to plan, develop and collect ideas to inform 3D artworks. | |
| made forms and how some are represented in sculpture. (YR3) | Adapt work as and when necessary and explain why. | |
| Key Enquiry Question | The Big Idea: | |
| What did Celtic art look like? | Exploring a range of media (clay, fabric, drawing); recreating Celtic decorative design and | |
| | using dyes and materials of the period. | |
| To achieve ARE, pupils will need to be secure in the following knowledge: | | |
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| How to select and use relevant resources and references to develop their ideas. Use a sketchbook, and drawing, purposefully to improve understanding, inform ideas and plan for an outcome. (Drawing Celtic knots, planning clay pot, process of natural dyes). | Vocabulary: Line: pencil, crayon, pastels, pens. thick, thin, soft, broad, narrow, fine, pattern, line, shape, detail, bold, sketching, represent. |
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| sketchbook, and drawing, purposefully to improve understanding, inform ideas andbplan for an outcome. (Drawing Celtic knots, planning clay pot, process of natural dyes).b | bold, sketching, represent. |
| plan for an outcome. (Drawing Celtic knots, planning clay pot, process of natural dyes). | |
| | Texture: pattern texture, proportion, emotion, expression, smooth. |
| | Shape: form, grades, shapes, proportion, 3D, parallel, vertical, horizontal, straight, curved. |
| Apply the technical skills they are learning to improve the quality of their work. | |
| Regularly reflect upon their own work and use comparisons with the work of others | Colour wheel, primary, secondary colours, mix, tints, tones, shades, experiment, effects, textural |
| (nunils and artists) to identify how to improve | effects, layering, evaluate, compare, review, reflect, pale, intense, develop. |
| About and he able to demonstrate, how tools they have chosen to work with should | Record, observe, review, revisit, manipulate, improve, mastery, design techniques, surface |
| p | patterns, materials, create, surface patterns, textures, join, construct, create, modelling, develop, |
| | clay, slabs, coils, slips, pinch, mould, surface, construct. |
| | Celtic art, tessellation – key patterns, knotwork, Celtic spirals, fabrics, natural dyes, woad. |
| | Media: |
| (Line/Detail + Observation) | Clay |
| Continue to practise close observation to add detail and texture to form accurate | Pencil + Pen |
| drawings. | Crayon |
| (Texture/Pattern): | Oil Pastels |
| | Paint 💦 🖉 🖉 |
| | Fabric |
| (Recording/Self Governing/Evaluation); | Natural dyes |
| Use sketches as a way of recording ideas, planning other work, record work in a clear | The second s |
| sequence in sketchbooks. | Useful Resources: |
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| | https://www.dltk-kids.com/world/celtic/celtic_art.htm |
| (Colour Mixing/Knowledge); | |
| Beginning to experiment colour matching, Self-lead colour mixing | |
| Experimenting with intensity of colour. (Application of paint); | |
| Paint applied taking greater care. Using a greater variety of brushes or applicators to | |
| achieve a planned effect. | |
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| 3D Design Skills: | https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resource/ks2-all-about-celtic-art-t-h-291 |
| | YouTube: How to draw a Celtic knot: |
| Use range of equipment and materials e.g., recycled, natural and manmade materials | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2IyklPiZUKg |
| with increasing confidence. | |
| Continue to develop experiential knowledge of how to attach materials +shape media. | Norfolk County Councily KS2 Domone and Joon' Teachards Cross Currisular Deals (r = 20) |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Norfolk County Council: KS2 Romans and Iceni Teacher's Cross-Curricular Pack (pg 38); |
| | https://www.museums.norfolk.gov.uk/-/media/museums/downloads/learning/norwich- |
| (Research + Planning / Evaluation); | castle/ks2/ks2-romans-teachers-pack.pdf |
| Continue to plan design of object based on its purpose. Use sketchbooks to plan, develop and collect ideas to inform 3D artworks. | |
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